

Disorders in Ceria: Insights from Embedded-cluster and Supercell Calculations

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This presentation focuses on the current understanding of defect chemistry in ceria from theoretical modelling using embedded-cluster and supercell approaches. We combined Mott-Littleton defect calculations, hybrid quantum mechanics/molecular mechanics (QM/MM) embedded-cluster approaches,[1] plane-wave DFT calculations, and Monte Carlo simulations in developing a thorough understanding of the disorder in ceria. We developed a robust shell-model potential for ceria, considering accurate ionic polarisabilities, defect structures, and formation energies calculated by QM/MM.[2] These developments set a firm basis for our ongoing and future research. Our shell-model potential supports accurate defect modelling at the dilute limit using QM/MM models with hybrid functionals, or large-scale atomistic simulations of highly disordered reduced ceria (CeO_{2-x}) using Monte Carlo techniques. Our potential and QM/MM models have also supported the understanding of experimentally observed variations in band edge positions and work functions in ceria and other metal oxides.[3] By accounting for the advances in the theoretical modelling of disorders in ceria, we aim to elucidate the origins of its widespread applications in catalytic science.

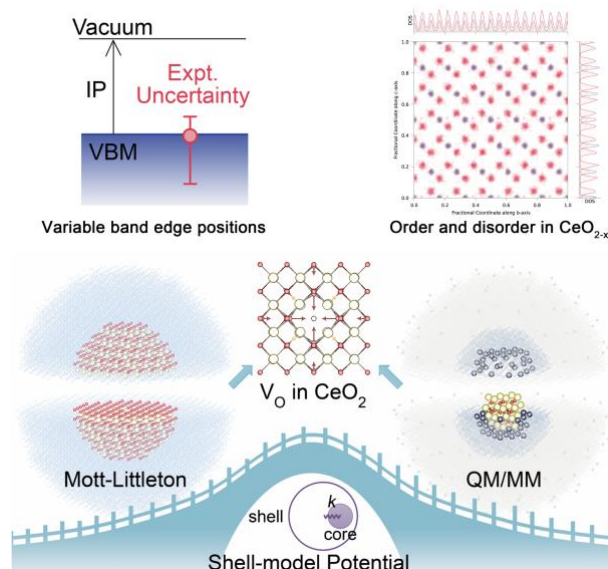


Figure 1: A new shell-model potential supports various embedded-cluster and supercell calculations, improving the understanding of defect chemistry and band structure of ceria.

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[2] X. Zhang et al., "Toward a Consistent Prediction of Defect Chemistry in CeO_2 ", *Chem. Mater.*, 35 (1), 207-227. (2023)

[3] X. Zhang et al., "Bulk and Surface Contributions to Ionisation Potentials of Metal Oxides." *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 135 (40), e202308411. (2023)